

THE National Cash Register "Get a Receipt" plan protects your profits.

It safeguards your cash sales, charge sales, money received on account, money paid out and the making of change, and benefits you, your customers and your employes.

Giving Your Customers Printed Receipts **Enforces Correct Records**

818:917 OCT 12

★B - 1.00

A. R. Marsh 508 Broadway This is your receipt.

This receipt is printed and a record made by the register at the same operation. The amount recorded on the total-adding wheels inside the register is the same as the amount printed on the receipt which is given to the customer.

The giving of this printed receipt to every customer enforces correct records on the register. -

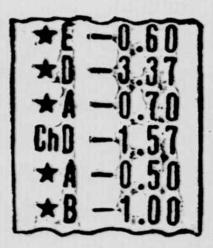
It is the most positive way of assuring yourself that no losses occur in handling your money, and that you get a correct record of every transaction,

Your Receipt for Correct Records



These are the adding wheels which show the total of the amounts printed on the receipts issued. They act as your receipt for a correct, unchangeable record. A secret record like this gives you a control on all your bus-

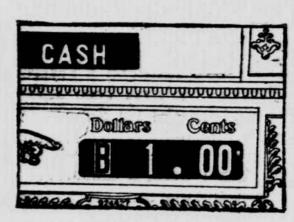
Employes' Receipt



The sales-strip is the employes' receipt. The amount printed on it is the same as the amount printed on the customers' receipt and added on the adding wheels.

It enables the employe to prove his efficiency and value to his employer.

Proprietor's, Employes' and Customers' Receipt



These figures at the top of the register show everybody in the store the amount recorded. The amount is the same as that shown on the receipt, adding wheels and sales-strip.

This acts as a receipt for correct records to proprietors, employes and

It will pay you to investigate

J. J. RANGE, Sales Agent

For National Cash Registers,

521 Ninth St. N.W., Washington, D.C.

801 Penn.



Always only one price—the same whether Cash or Credit.

Straw Mattings

We have imported these Mattings with special careand offer them to you with absolute certainty of their quality. The patterns are refined in effect-and for the most part exclusive and confined to our showing. These are brand-new Mattings of the present season's vintageand we can provide any desired quantity of any selected

You can't match these qualities at these prices-25c, 30c, 32½c, 35c and 40c per yard.

Prairie Grass Rugs

The wonderful durability of this particular make of Prairie Grass Rugs commends them to your preference. We carry a complete assortment in all sizes-for the room, the hall and the stairway. Get our SPECIAL PRICES.

> 9x12 size, \$5.75

Bananas as a Vegetable.

Bananas, if they are unripe, may used with advantage as a vegetable. Cut the fruit in halves, stew them for twenty-five minutes in just a little water, ain, cover them with a cream sauce The Star. Hundreds of situations are

SCOTT NARRATES STORY OF PERILS (Continued from First Page.)

edge, and at 6 p.m. by good fortune discovered the missing party on a pack which had been drifting slowly northwest and had temporarily stopped owing to the swell subsiding.

Missing Party Rescued. and their loads, but could do nothing for the ponies, which were only thirty yards traveled to Corner camp to rebuild cairns. away. At 4 a.m. the pack began to move minus 60 and 70, and Forde's hands were

away. At 4 a.m. the pack began to move again. We left the ponies with full nose bags and rested till 8 a.m., when the pack was again stationary. We marched north, found the ponies and made desperate efforts to save them. Bowers and Oates risked a long detour over the pack and led the animals over many jumps, while the remainder of us dug a trench to the lower part of the barrier. The edges of the floes were high above water and very uneven. Killer whales hung about within a few yards. The ponies, failing at the jump, were irretrievably lost. One pony only won through. The pack was moving again as we left it and drifted clear to the north.

They experienced temperatures between minus 60 and 70, and Forde's hands were badly frostbitten, but are now recovering rapidly.

With Bowers, Simpson and Petty Officer Evans, I traveled west September 15. Ascending Ferrar glacier, we found by stakes planted by Wright that the ice stream had moved thirty feet in seven months. Later, forty-five miles northwest of our station, we found part of the glacier tongue broken in March, with the forage depot left by Campbell intact. Owing to work at the station and the need of increasing exercise for the ponies, we have been unable to undertake further spring journeys.

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Loss of Ponies Severe Blow.

Rock, and on the 5th the party, with the two remaining ponies and the dog teams, despite the accident of last season, we was safely housed at Hut point. By this have great hope of success. The necesponies. This was a severe blow to the expedition, but not enough to wreck its plans if the remaining animals could be preserved.

The heavy swell which caused this disaster broke more than ten miles of fast sea ice, large fragments of the barrier, The motor sledge party, consisting of and two miles of glacier tongue, a feature Lieut. Evans, Bay, Lashley and Hooper, which had remained otherwise unchanged started five days ago, with two motor since discovery in 1902. The hut was found almost completely filled with hard snow, the windows broken and the door unhinged. With much labor we cleared unknown that was very thinly covand repaired it. It then afforded good ered with snow, but were last seen going

Lived on Seal Meat.

making a close survey of the Dry Valley, quired distance if the weather conditions Lower Ferrar and Koettlitz glacier reare not wholly unfavorable. gions, thus completing an important part of our plan for the geological survey of

March 17 Lieut Evans led a party to Corner Camp, completing the depot ar- unreliable and one doubtful, the remaintemperature at the barrier had already fallen to minus 40 degrees. Throughout the month ice continually formed over to go forward. Owing to my decision the sea, but strong winds quickly drove to postpone, there is an obvious chance

Return to Camp Evans.

After March 25 the ice remained fast in the sheltered bays, but continued to ties offered for further work, I have dedrive out of the sound. Huge land-ice cided to maintain the station for a secfalls on the southwest slopes of Mount ond year. The majority of the shore party will probably remain, but details Erebus prevented any possibility of returning to Cape Evans by land, but with from our journey, on home news, and the all had not the leading pony worn snow the freezing of the bays I decided to extent of fresh transport provided. I make an attempt to reach the station, shall greatly regret the departure of any 11 and, though caught by a storm on sea ice, we reached Cape Evans early the 13th. We found the station, which had been left in Simpson's charge, in excellent and the photographic results of the expeditude of photographic materials. lent order, and arrangements for comfort tion are a most remarkable series of remarkably perfect. Numerous self-recording instruments were in full swing and all records complete to date. All the news was good except the loss of one of the nine remaining ponies and one doy. During our absence there had been much principles of the expedition have succeeded so far almost in their entirety.

It is not remarkable series of the storm continued over the brought by the storm continued over the plans arranged for the scientific work of the expedition have succeeded so far almost in their entirety.

It is not remarkable series of the storm continued over the pass. Men on foot sank to their crossbars continued over the plans arranged for the scientific work of the expedition have succeeded so far almost in their entirety. wind, the mean velocity for two months

froze solid in May, and later in winter packed ice extended to an unprecedented distance northward, despite numerous

Lectures and Foot Ball.

settled down very comfortably in our winter hut. Its arrangements for lighting, heating, cooking and ventilation proved eminently satisfactory. A comfortable stable had been built for the ponies and some shelter improvised for ponies and some shelter improvised for the dogs during the four winter months. The temperature at the station was rarely without great difficulty, but shall be a day, although working ten to eleven below minus 40 degrees, at lowest minus day or two later than anticipated. 50 degrees. The wind averaged fifteen miles an hour, but sometimes blew hard with the temperature minus 30 degrees. Every one was very fully occupied with station and scientific work, exercising animals, etc. A series of lectures was or-ganized and foot ball was played to with-in a month of midwinter.

Winter Explorations.

Frequent visits were made to Cape Royds and Hut point. The animals steadily improved in condition. On June 27, middle winter, Wilson, Bowers, Cherry and Garrard started on a sledge journey to Cape Crozier to observe the incubation of emperor penguins at their rookery. Very heavy surface on the barrier forced the party to relay work during the main part, and a fortnight was taken on the the party to relay work during the main mals.

part, and a fortnight was taken on the We are building seldom above minus 60 degrees, and often below minus 70 degrees, the lowest observed with a sling thermometer being

in building a stone hut which they roofed with canvas from this camp. The men had great difficulty in crossing the huge barrier pressure ridges in the dim noon twilight to reach the rookery. They were successful at a second attempt. They found comparatively few birds at the rookery, but these had begun to lay even at this early date. Fortunately some eggs at different stages of development were secured, which should give considerable information concerning the embryology of this interesting bird.

minus 77 degrees.

Fearful Hurricane Gusts.

The same night a violent gale commenced and the ridge proved inadequate shelter from the hurricane gusts which whirled down on the hut. A tent and other carefully secured articles were blown away, and after straining for fourteen hours the roof of the hut flew to

treme temperatures, this first winter journey in the antarctic remains a remark-able feat of endurance. It also shows the extraordinarily severe conditions that obtain on the great snow plain barrier during the sunless season. Since the return of the sun in August considerable increase of wind has been recorded, and temperatures have remained as moderate

in spring as in winter. September 1 Meares and Mimintri, with dog teams, made their headquarters at Hut point, the dogs leaving for that de-pot in splendid form. At intervals since our arrival, however, some obscure disease has robbed us of four excellent dogs. In every case the dog attacked appeared vigorously healthy, but died in a few hours. It is thought the cause may be some minute thread worm entering the brain.

First Antarctic Telephone Line. At the end of the month telephone com-

munication was established with Hut point through fifteen miles of bare wire. With Alpine ropes the men were rescued This telephone has already proved exwith difficulty. Working on through the tremely useful for reporting the movenight, we succeeded in salving the sledges | ment of parties, pending changes of

The western geological party, consisting of Taylor, Debenham, Gran and Forde, delayed by Forde's accident, will March 4 we ascended hills east of Castle leave in a few days for Granite harbor. All plans and preparations for the southern journey are now complete and, incident we lost three of our strongest sity of getting the utmost out of our

Motor Sledges Do Well.

well on the surface of the barrier beyond the base camp of last season. They have, therefore, placed the possibilities While forced to wait for the sea breeze of motor traction beyond question. to blow over we settled down to a very The pony party, consisting of myself, with Wilson, Oates, Bowers, Cherry, Gar-With old tins and discarded fragments of metal we constructed an excellent blub
Independently of the success of the ber stove and several blubber lamps. We fed almost entirely on seal meat. Seals could only be obtained at a distance over hills, and were sometimes scarce, but the supply never failed entirely, thanks to the ingenuity shown by my companions in improvising arrangements with the slenderest resources. With splendid health we hope to get thirty units of food to we were quite comfortable and enjoyed the foot of Beardmore glacier, a unit returned, bringing our total to sixteen and twenty-one units of provisions, 1 This party had spent six weeks hope to extend the advance to the re-

Of the ten remaining ponies one is men are in splendid health and eager that the most advanced southerly party will be unable to catch the Terra Nova before she is forced to quit the sound. with eight companions I started April social accord. Ponting probably returns

Off for the South Pole.

19 per cent of the whole time the wind November 24, latitude 81.15 S.—We left had been over gale strength. All observa- Hut point on the eve of November 2, havtions pointed to an exceptionally severe ing decided to march by night and rest April 17 I returned to Hut point with during the day to give the ponies the fresh sledge party carrying supply benefit of warmer day temperatures. We tores. As it was impossible for animals reached Corner Camp this morning. to travel on the route taken, I left Meares Traveling south for sixty miles, we fol- sarily dependent on the weather, and the point, and again returned to Cape Evans April 3. Sea ice continued to drive out of the sound until the first week in May. It was not until May 13, three weeks after the sun had gone, that the men and animals left Hut point and safely reanimals left Hut point and safely re-turned to the main station. The sound us up some days earlier, and the whole party proceeded in company. A day's party proceeded in company. A day's rest was given the animals at One Ton Camp, which we left the 17th. Having regard to the weight of the loads, the animals. I decided to march fifteen miles reaches of the glacier were filled with teronly every night. This distance has been After the return of the absentees we maintained eight nights, and, so far as ettled down very comfortably in our we can foresee, it should be continued.

Motors Abandoned.

We found the motor party waiting at atitude 801/2. Two of their number now ment of the motors was the overheating of the air-cooled engines. Time did not make very good marches, working up permit of the defects being taken in hand. The system of propulsion of the motors proved entirely satisfactory. The machines dragged heavy loads over the visions, but I hoped to reserve a margin improved in condition. On June 27, worst part of the barrier service and

outward journey. The temperature was tervals of four miles to guide the homeward parties and leaving a week's provision at every degree of latitude to the barrier. The surface was extremely bad and trying to the ponies up to One-Ton Behind a land ridge on the slopes of Camp, but has been comparatively good Mount Terror the party spent three days since. The greater number of the ponies have been dragging over 650 pounds. Through Violent Storms.

December 10, latitude 83 degrees 15 minutes .- After the return of the mo-

tor party from latitude 81 degrees 15 minutes we pushed steadily south, height 9,800 feet.-After leaving the hopeful for better weather conditions. A second pony was destroyed at latitude 82 degrees 10 minutes, a third at latitude 82 degrees 45 minutes and two more near the 83d parallel. None of these animals was exhausted, but were frequently at first and gave us trousacrificed on account of lightening ble, but we rose rapidly in altitude. As we approached, the weather grew worse, snowstorms were frequent, the sky continually overcast and land the advantage of this course was very rarely visible. Under these cirmainly felt on the third and fourth cumstances it was most difficult to days, when, owing to our altitude, we killing Dragoons, in charge of the ponies that the scientific work being performed Mild Form of Disease in Two Consteady marches. The ponies continued ribbons. For thirty hours more the travelers were confined in their frozen sleeping beds, half buried beneath snow and rock debris. Forty-eight hours elapsed rock debris. Forty-eight hours elapsed before the wind decreased and they were before the wind decreased and the prospects of the before the wind decreased and they were before the wind decreased and they were before the wind decreased and the prospects of the wind decreased and the prospects of the before the wind decreased and the prospects of the wind decreased to pull splendidly. The excellent con-dition they retained under severe work and the arrangement of ice falls able to get a meal. Searching for lost articles, they were fortunate in finding the missing tent among some morainic reached latitude 83 degrees 24 minutes within twelve miles of Mount Hope, December 4. We could have reached the glacier with five ponies on reached the glacier with five ponies on Christmas fare gave us an excellent success seem good, providing the weather thence sledged into the interior. Both and Willimantic. Up to today the former

longed storm has hitherto been record-Slow Progress in the Deep Snow.

colors in great variety-\$1.50 to \$2.00.

I send this note by returning teams lowed the tracks of the motors, then we season thus far has been very unpromis-

Hard to Cover Five Miles a Day.

December 21, latitude 85 degrees 7 minutes south, longitude 163 degrees 4 minwin. Largely as a result of the storm reheavy surfaces and limited number of ported in my last dispatch, the lower The ponies are going very steadily and quite impossible to advance had we not hopeful of getting the men's food supply For four days we struggled in this day, although working ten to eleven hours. It is difficult to pitch camp and load sledges on such a surface. On the fifth day the surface grew a little harder and we were able to push on, still pulling on skis. We did not get abreast of Cloud breaker mountain until the 17th, so tha the snow cost us a week's advance. from thirteen to twenty-three statute miles per day. By program I arranged to push on from the eighty-fifth parallel with eight men and twelve units of proover this. As we stand we are only half

> alth and spirits. It has been most difficult to select the returning party of four which carries this note. Our position constitutes our upper glacier depot. Complete depots have been established on the homeward route. The track of the barrier is well marked with snow cairns. The members going forward are Scott, Lieut. Evans, Wilson, Bowers, Oates, Lassley, Petty Officer Evans and

Last Word From Scott.

January 3, 1912, latitude 87.32 upper glacier depot, south of Mount Darwin, I steered southwest two days. snow-covered than farther eastward. the 86th parallel, and the prospect of

serve them hot.

The ripe fruit is a delicious garnish to meat. Cut round slices from ripe firm hem to turn homeward. On the return few on the top and round a broiled steak as it goes to table.

It pays to read the want columns of the first form want of sleep, but otherwise filled through them.

It pays to read the want columns of the first form want of sleep, but otherwise filled through them.

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It pays to read the delicious garnish to the following day but for the interior, betweeteen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, betweeteen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, seventeen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, betweeteen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, seventeen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, seventeen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, seventeen miles, but the effollowing day but for the interior, but to choose the following day but for the interior, but the following day but for the interior. Cut has been out of should and no day but for the interior of the following day but for the int

march, the change amply repaid us. We However, we are excellently equipped for

I am going forward with a party of five Probably the difficult places were more Evans with this note. The names and men, sending three back under Lieut descriptions of the advance party are the scientific staff; Capt. Oates, Innes- Capt. Scott and his party, and declared and mules; Lieut. Bowers, Royal Indian by the expedition was of an extremely

have been able to keep up our average, such conditions, and the wind undoubtedand we are now within 150 miles of the ly improves the surface. So far all arrangements have worked out most satisfactorily. It is more than probable that no further news will be received from us this year, as our return must necessarily ROBERT F. SCOTT.

"Main 9000"

Ask for Business Office

be late. Lieut. Pennell Expects Success. Lieut. Pennell expressed the utmost confidence in the ultimate success of

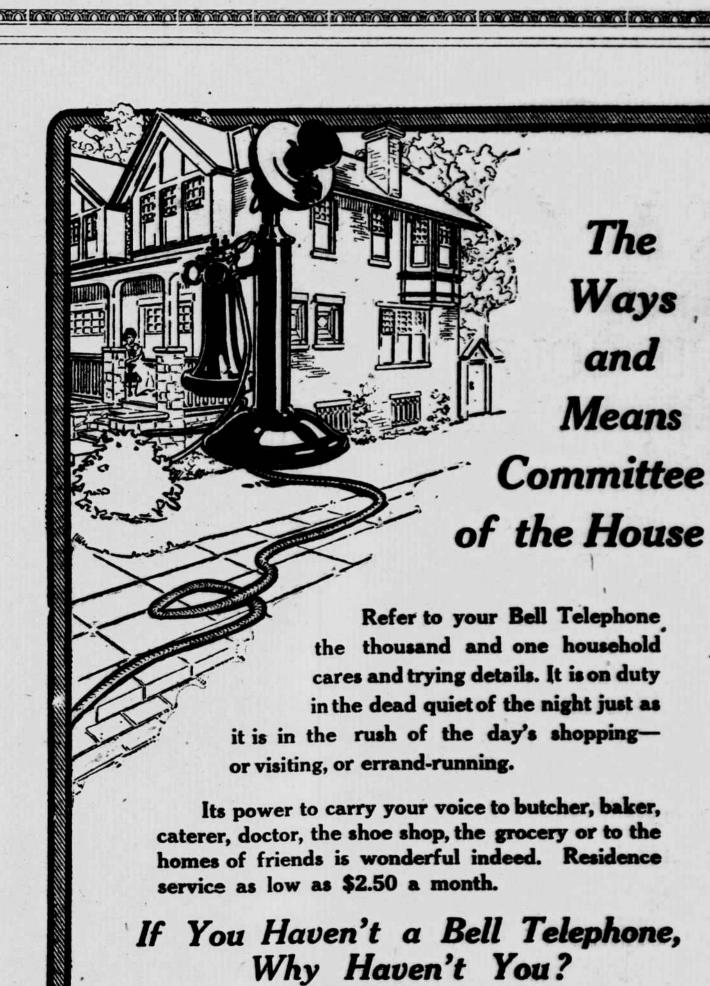
pelled, owing to the bad ice conditions, to leave behind Lieut. Campbell's party, who dem'c of smallpox is raging in two thrivmonth's provisions, and the prospects of were landed at Drygalsky barrier, and ing mill towns in this state, Naugatuck

The Terra Nova returns south

(The second section of Capt. Scott a story, descriptive of the work of the geological expeditions, will appear in omorrow's Star.)

EPIDEMIC OF SMALLPOX.

necticut Mill Towns. NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 2 .- An epi-



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For the perfect spring shirts just drop in here. This is the shirt shop. You will see new patterns and

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hat spoils everything. Derbies and Soft Hats-a large selection in smart, sensible shapes by famous makers.

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